WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1902.

## NEW STREET CAR BILL FOR THE DISTRICT

Comment of Citizens' Associations Heard.

FEATURES OF THE MFASURE

Explanation Given of the Various Regulations.

### MEETS THE GENERAL WANTS

Legislation That Is Declared to Be as

that the proposed measure had been sioners of the said District. framed with great care by the committee, and that three evenings had been spent upon it by the full committee. He thought that the bill was about as near perfect as human intelligence and talent could

Mr. Henderson said that individual associations were specially interested in

zell, and W. G. Dunn discussed section 10, relating to the cross-town road. Each spoke of the difficulty experienced by the residents of Northeast Washington in getting to the Capitol, the Library, the B. & O. station, and the steamboat where & O. station, and the steamboat wharves. As to Suburban Traffic.

Prof. G. A. Hill, of the Tenleytown association, called the attention of the

Representatives of the newly-formed South Washington Association were prespanies to remove the abandoned tracks tion. in South Washington.

after six months from the approval of this act, it shall be unlawful for any

### Features of the Bill.

Cars limited to ten tons. Time schedules must be subnitted to Commissioners. Cars must be neither cold nor

noisy, and waiting rooms must be supplied.

Heavy penalties to be imposed. Provides for registration of au-

District court to decide when companies cannot agree.

street railway company owning or operating any street railway in the District Perfect as Human Intelligence Can Make It—Provides for District Commissioners Regulating Time Schedule.

The District Commissioners today granted an extended hearing to the central committee on street railroads of all the Citizens' Associations of the District. The committee presented the street railway bill which has been drafted by it, explaining its provisions in detail to the board. of Columbia to place or operate upon About sixty members of the several Citizens' Associations were present, and the hearing lasted from 11 o'clock until I. The bill was formally presented to the Commissioners by Mr. W. G. Henderson, chairman of the committee, who stated that the proposed measure had been mitted to and approved by the Commissioners by Mr. W. G. Henderson, chairman of the commissioners by Mr. W. G. Henderson, chairman of the plans thereof having first been submitted to and approved by the Commissioners by Mr. W. G. Henderson, chairman of the plans the plant of the plan

### Time Schedule. Section 2. That each and every street

railway company operating within the limits of the District of Columbia shall within thirty days after the passage of this act and on the first day of January of each year, submit to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia a time of each year, submit to the Commissionspecial sections, and he called upon several speakers to explain the sections one
after another as they appear.

Talks in Explaiation.

Prof. L. L. Hooper spoke at length on
the subject of a fifteen-minute schedule
for suburban cars and a through service
without transfers into the city.

Mr. W. J. Lambert spoke about the legal
aspects of the bill, especially relative to
provision allowing two citizens to enter
suits in court against the railroad companlies when the provisions of the bill are
violated. Mr. Lambert spoke of the difficases decided in court, and explained to
the Commissioners that section 7 of the
bill was intended to remedy that.

Messrs. Thomas W. Smith, W. J. Frizzell, and W. G. Dunn discussed section 10, cars or transfer arrangements, whenever they consider the interests of the publi-require, but each such amendment shal before submission to said Commissioner be advertised in at least three separat association, called the attention of the Commissioners to the finances of the various roads, showing that the suburban traffic was increasing very much faster than that in the city, and from this he argued that the companies could afford and should be required to give better facilities there.

Other speakers were Messrs. A. F. Kinnear, J. B. Kinnear, and Col. James L.

### lie hearing of any Neither Cold Nor Noisy.

Section 3. That the cars run upon the south washington association were present to say that they had no part in the framing of the bill. They stated that they came to ask the Commissioners to include in it a right to require the compared to the cars run upon the street railways of the District of Columbia shall at all times be kept in good include in it a right to require the compared to the compared All fenders must at all time be in in South Washington.
The full text of the bill follows:

TEXT OF THE BILL.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of losses or annoyance upon the public losses. The full text of the bill follows:

An appeal has been made to the stock-holders to be patient and wait the development of the plans of the receiver and his advisers as any attempt to expenditude the full text of the bill follows:

TEXT OF THE BILL.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of losses or annoyance upon the public losses.

### PERMANENT CENSUS THE RIGHT OF WAY LIST IN PREPARATION

Effort to Make It the Next Expert Workers to Be Select-Unfinished Business. ed for Retention.

### After Vote on the Shipping Bill, How- MR. LANGLEY'S STATEMENT ever, Canal Legislation May Be

To Disregard Uniform Apportionments. Political Influence to Be Barred "as Much as Possible."-No Heavy Discharge to Be Made This Month,

Mr. Langley, Appointment Clerk of the Census Office, gave out the following statement this morning: "I have been instructed to prepare

list of the clerks who will constitute the permanent Census, to select this list from the merit of the clerks, and ignore politics as far as possible. In making up this Its fate next week will depend on the list, however, we will try to select clerks canal situation and on what bills come from as many different States in the Union as is possible under the circum stances, but if one State has six exper stances, but if one State has six exper-clerks, who should be retained, and an-other has one, the former State shall hav-its six and the latter have but one."

Mr. Langley further stated that "there will be no heavy discharge in this of-fice before the end of this month." A that time there will be a discharge of not less than 800 clerks, mostly from the population and agricultural divisions

### TO GET GAYNOR AND GREENE.

Government Proposes to Reach Its Long Arm After Them.

Solicitor General Richards of the De partment of Justice was notified this norning that Gaynor and Greene, whose ernment closed its side of the case and presence is greatly desired in Savannah, that they may be tried on the charge of defrauding the Government, are in Que-

requisition papers.

# THOUSANDS MORE IN

dered Out at Noon.

This included freight handlers on the Boston and Maine Road, longshoremen nd everything with a wheel, and all employes receiving or delivering goods.

Fully 3,000 recruits were added to the the leaders say that if this is not effeccoal and lumber teamsters may go out before the week is over.

struck yesterday there is now over 10.

out more men was induced largely by the announced intention of both the Bos-

is practically at a standstill.

### PLANNING TO SAVE ALL KRETOL MONEY

Captain Knox Again Appointed Company's Receiver.

trict-Attorneys for the Concern Agree to the Court's Ruling.

prove fatal to the interests of all

Supreme Court, today signed an order apointing him receiver for the property

The proceedings against the Kretel ompany were originally instituted in Alexandria, Va. An ancillary petitio was also filed in the Supreme Court of the District, for the purpose of accom-

The matter came up for consideration esterday before Judge Norton at Alexndria, Va., and Mr. Robert F. Knoy was ppointed receiver for the property of the Kretol Chemical Company in that juris

Attorneys Anderson & Chase, represent ng the Kretol Chemical Company, today iled the following declaration in the Su-

urrers to the bill of the complainant in his cause and likewise reserving the benefit of all just exceptions to said bill s well as reserving the right hereafter answer fully and in no wise admitting my of the allegations of said bill to be rue, and respondent, the Kretol Chem cal Company comes and says that it i willing to waive the right to hearing unler the rule heretofore issued and conents to the appointment of a receiver and sks that the injunction heretofore warded be now dissolved."

Mr. Ralston, of the firm of Ralston & Siddons, representing the complainant, Mr. Armes, stated to the court that the proposition submitted to the court had been decided and a conference between counsel for all parties concerned.

The receiver is required to give bond in the sum of \$5,000 for the performance of his duties.

### EX-GOVERNOR LARABEE.

Iowa's Famous Prohibition Executive

Ex-Governor Larabee served two term when the Hawkeye State was as barren of saloons as Kanzas.

and several friends.

## A WARM DEBATE BY SENATORS ON SUBJECT OF POPULAR ELECTION

Mz. Berry's Unexpected Request for a Report-Mz. Hoar Opposes Action on Constitutional Grounds-Mr. Stewart Says Change Would Be Revolutionary.

A rather breezy discussion was started | amendments have been for the purpose of n the Senate this morning on the sub- extending human liberty. ject of the proposed constitutional amendment to make Senators elective by the people instead of by State Legislatures.

The House bill for that purpose had been recently referred by the Senate to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and Mr. Berry (Dem., Ark.) asked that that committee should be required to make a report either favorable or adverse, so as to have aaction by the Senate upon it. He enquired of the chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections whether a report may not be expected in the near future; in time to give the Senate a chance to act on it during essary 25,000 to 30,000 men could be the present session. He stated that he is receiving many letters from his constituents asking if action cannot be secured.

Mr. Berry Presses for a Report. Mr. Burrows' Response. Mr. Hoar said that he also had received many letters and that their contents

Senator Burrows, the chairman of the nmittee, answered that the question is under consideration and that a report btedly will be made. He said that several propositions have been introduced in the Senate and alluded to the bill passed by the House last week. Senator Mitchell of Oregon added his plea to what Senator Berry had said, urging that action be pushed in the mat-

Mr. Hoar's Opposition. Senator Hoar made a short speech

gainst the entire proposition. He aserted that it is the first serious proposition to destroy the principle upon which the Constitution was founded. Other

Damage-City Believed to Have Es-

caped Loss of Life.

OMAHA, Neb., March 11.-Omaha was

It is thought no lives have been lost.

Storm Strikes Iowa Town.

y-fourth and Cummings Streets.

erable damage to buildings.

which lasted nearly an hour.

EMPEROR FRANZ JOSEF

TALKS OF RETIREMENT

Speculation.

Officer, That He, Too, Desired

a Rest.

"I, too, desire to go it to retirement."

The centre of the cyclone was at Twen-

OMAHA VISITED BY

### SENATOR FORAKER A SEVERE CYCLONE IS A COMPLAINANT

Houses Unroofed and Win- His Committee's Clerk Can't dows Smashed. Get a Telephone.

Impossible to Estimate the Amount of Communications to the Company and to the Commissioners-Authority to Place a Cable Refused.

Senator J. B. Foraker recently wrote to visited by a cyclone at 1 o'clock this the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company, stating that on the last day of August, 1961, Mr. C. E. Ablen, clerk of the Senate Committee on rutific Islands and Porto Rico, of which Mr. Foraker is chairman, residing at 1519 First Street northwest, made application for the installation of a telephone at his residence. Senator Foraker says the application has been repeated, but so far without

"It is a matter of great inconvenience Senator, "to be without this service. inefficient about the management of : are unable to supply service when called for, or are unwilling to supply it, I will be obliged to you if you will so inform me by answer to this communication

enator Foraker to the District Commis sioners, together with a copy of the reply received by him from Mr. I. H. Fill Alden's letter permission was asked of the Commissioners to run a loop wire to the applicant's house and that the permit was subsequently received.

In the expectation that certain addi-He Said, While Talking to Pensioned tional cable would be placed, a part of the work on the connections was done in order to comply with the terms of the permit, which would otherwise have expired within sixty days, Mr. Fill states VIENNA, March 11 .- At a court banthat when application was made to the quet at Budapest yesterday Emperor Franz Josef, conversing with a recently Commissioners for authority to place the cable it was refused. Mr. Fill added that there had been no neglect on the part of the company and that the whole fault lay in the inability to procure from the mu-The remark has caused much speculaion as to whether the Emperor meant nicipal authorities permission to proceed with the work.

## THE BRITISH CABINET IN SPECIAL SESSION

French Comment on the British Defeat

PARIS, March 11.-Commenting on the British reverse in South Africa, the "Figaro" says:

"Whatever may be the patriotic feelings of the English Government and people, it will be considered, even in London, that the Dutch cabinet, in taking the initiative in peace proposals, was serving not only the Boers but also the English."

The "Echo de Paris" says: "The head of General Lord Methuen will be security for the head of Commandant Kritzinger, who at last accounts was being tried by British court-martial in Cape Colony."

### REVENUE TAX REPEAL Senate with the small States, and that 'the entire fabric of the old promise will REPORT NOT READY

one or two people. He said that they all Senate Finance Committee ended: "I hope to hear from you." Finds Defects.

## REBATES WERE OVERLOOKED

Tobacco Schedule Thereby Changed to Lower Rate Than Before the War Began-Further Consideration for Inheritance Provision.

The Senate Finance Committee has not larey is enhanced by the fact that ret finished consideration of the bill to Methuen ranks next to Lord Kitchener repeal the war revenue taxes and the in South Africa. asure will not be reported to the Senupon are in phraseology only and are to where she is due on March 18. are the defects in the House bill. The It is believed the Boers will not fail the tax even below the rate which was in the safety of Boer leaders now in the effect before the passage of the war hands of the British.

The present rate on manufactured to- in regard to Gen. Lord Methuen's reverse ecco is 96-10 cents a pound and the as the fact that five hundred men ran rate 6 cents but failed to repeal that por- Boers. to 48-10 cents a pound. The Finance ered the most painful incident mentioned nittee will so amend the section as in Lord Kitchener's despatch. to restore the rate to 6 cents a pound.

The changes to be made have all been cided on except as to the section repealing the inheritance taxes. The House bill repeals those taxes but retains the nistrative features of the law so as on the latest reverse says; to collect the tax on estates subject to bill is reported to the Senate.

## FIGHT OVER CENSUS TO BE MADE ISSUE

portant Meeting.

Both Sims and Hughes Resolutions Given Consideration-A Determination to Stand by the Clerks.

will be made to save the clerks of the to see this thing through. ureau who will not be appointed to the

efinite plan of action.

Chairman Hopkins was absent and Mr.

Russell (Conn.) presided. The resolution of Mr. Sims of Tennessee and another by Mr. Hughes of West Virginia were taken Mr. Hughes of West Virginia were taken

The latter's resolution states that it was the intent of Congress in passing the permanent census bill to place all the employes under the civil service rules. Mr. Sims' resolution is to restore all the employes and make them eligible for today authorized a favorable report on

ng of Messrs. Heatwole, Crumpacker, and certain cases."

### MAY APPEAL TO HANNA.

Senator Will Possibly Be Asked to Adjust Strike.

CHICAGO, March 11 .- Senator Hanna is being the first time that the Maine memo be invited to Chicago as representative ber has occupied the chair, he was greeted the National Civic Federation, to negotiate a settlement of the machinists strike in the Allis-Chaimers Works, if James O'Connell, president of the International Association of Machinists, who arrived in Chicago today, fails to bring the strike to sn end.

The strike has been in progress since June 1, 1901.

Chamber.

Some significance is attached to the fact that Mr. Littlefield was called to the chair by reason of the fact that he has lined up with the "insurgents" on the beet sugar fight and opposed to the House leaders.

The posteffee bill will continue a special order until finally disposed of. gotiate a settlement of the machinists'

Disaster to Lord Methuen the Subject Under Discussion.

Price One Cent.

### IRISH PROBLEM ALSO COMES UP

British General's Capture an Event of Importance.

### RANKED NEXT TO KITCHENER

London Stung by the Ignominious Flight of the "Five Hundred"-Rosebery Declares the Defeat to Be "Heart-Breaking"-English Losses Exceed Reports.

LONDON, March 11 .- The Cabinet met today to discuss the disaster to Lord Methuen and his force at the hands of the

They also discussed the question of the suppression of the Irish Land League. The Marquis of Londonderry, the Postmaster General, who is a big landlord, favored the general suppression of the league, and Earl Cadogan, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, the partial suppression of

the league in the disturbed districts. George Wyndham, Chief Secretary of Ireland, who is sick with influenza, is understood to favor letting things alone for All the members of the Cabinet ad-

mitted that the conditions in Ireland are at present worse than they have been for The importance of the defeat and cap-

Lady Methuen, who is now en route for ate until after the next meeting of the home from Cape Town, will not hear of amittee. The amendments so far agreed the disaster until she reaches Madeira,

ost serious of these is in the tobacco to take advantage of General Methuen's schedule, the effect of which is to reduce prominence to hold him as a hostage for Nothing has created so much soreness

House took off the war tax to make the away and were pursued for four miles by tion of the law which allowed a 20 per cent discount on tobacco stamps. The est recruits to the Yeomanny, and what effect, therefore, was to reduce the tax at present looks like cowardice is consid-

> It is believed the British losses greatly exceed those given in the official account.

It is now stated that the Boers made an normous haul of provisions. The "Pall Mall Gazette" commenting

"It is not our English way to hit a the taxes but not yet divided. As there man when he is down, or to forget that a some doubt as to the effect of the soldier's service to his country is not one House provision, the matter will be in- whit less meritorious because unsuccessvestigated by a subcommittee before the ful. Just for that reason we think it would have been better if Lord Roberts had restrained his chivalrous impulse to raise his voice so promptly in defence of a subordinate. No one had attacked Lord Methuen. He who goes out of his way to deprecate in another's case charges which have not been brought, inevitably suggests there may be some ground for bringing them."

Lord Rosebery, addressing the students of Glasgow University today, referred to the reverse in South Africa, and the capture of General Methuen.

He said: "It is heart-breaking, after the time the war has lasted and the lavish expenditure of life and money, that when we fondly hoped the end of the war was in sight, so serious a reverse could oc-CUP.

"It will encourage our enemies abroad The Census matter is to be brought to and dishearten our friends, but I am sure direct issue in the House, and an effort it will not dishearten us who have got "We must take the blows fortune deals

permanent force.

The House Census Committee held an important meeting this morning, for the purpose of co-sidering the resolutions upon the subject and for devising some definite plan of action.

We must take the blows fortune deals with equanimity, which will show that we were worthy of better fortune."

The students, at Lord Rosebery's request, sang "Soldiers of the King."

Lord Rosebery then proceeded to the Royal exchange, where he made another address.

### BILL ON "CONSPIRACY."

House Committee to Make Favorable Report on Mr. Grosvenor's Measure.

the Gresvenor bill "to limit the meaning The result of today's meeting was the of the word 'conspiracy' and the use of prointment of a subcommittee consist- 'restraining orders' and 'injunctions' in

Mr. Hay will draft a bill for the committee, which will propose to instruct the Secretary of the Interior to appoint in the Bureau all clerks on the rolls on March 6, the date of the approval of the permanent Census bill, and make them eligible to transfer to any branch of the classified service. This was the intent of the House when the bill passed.

This measure will make a direct issue between the President and Congress. There seems to be but little doubt that the bill, if reported by the committee, will pass the House. Some members even declare that if the President vetoes the bill, as he is expected to do, it will be possible to pass the measure over his reto.

It provides that no agreement, combination, or contract to do or procure to be done, or not to do or procure to be done, any act in contemplation or furtherance of any trade dispute between employers or employers shall be deemed criminal, nor shall those engaged therein be indictable for the crimes of conspiracy, if such act committed by one person would not be punishable as a crime, nor shall such agreement, combination or furtherance of any trade dispute between employers or employers or employers and it has a criminal, nor shall those engaged therein be indictable for the crimes of conspiracy, if such act committed by one person would not be punishable as a crime, nor shall such agreement, combination, or contract to committed by one person would not be punishable as a crime, nor shall such agreement, combination, or contract to do or procure to be done, any act in contemplation or furtherance of any trade dispute between employers or employers or employers and indicable for the crimes of conspiracy, if such act committed by one person would not be punishable as a crime, nor shall such agreement, combination, or contract be considered as in restraint of trade or commerce, nor shall such agreement.

Greeted With Applause.

The House today took up the postoffice ppropriation bill for consideration,

The Speaker called Representative Littlefield to the chair to preside over the Committee of the Whole, and this with loud applause by both sides of the

### America in Congress assembled, That, after six months from the approval of it shall be unlawful after the first day (Continued on Second Page.) TO GIVE OLEO BILL

The oleomargarine bill will be taken up by the Senate next week if its friends succeed in their purpose. It has been reported favorably by Senator "roctor"

Pressed for Immediate Action.

committee on Agriculture and Forestry, and is now on the calendar. Senator Proctor stated today that he will endeavor to have it follow the shipping bill as "unfinished business." Last year, however, it remained in committee for a long time, was then on the "calendar" and finally was not reached.

over from the House. If the canal committee reports a bill, it will probably take precedence, and any important bill from the House would also be given the prefer-

### The opponents of the bill continue to talk confidently of being able to defeat it. MARCELLUS COLE'S TRIAL.

Government Closes Its Case and the Defence Begins. The trial of Marcellus Cole, colored, for the murder of Albert Hawkins, also colored, was resumed today in Criminal

Shortly before the recess hour the Gov

the defence was begun. Several witnesses were examined during the afternoon. The trend of their testimony was to show that the blow struck by Cole, which resulted in the death of Hawkins, was without malice or American officers can reach Quebec with

# BOSTON QUIT WORK

## 'Everything Movable' Or-

## AGGREGATE MAY REACH 30,000

The Railroads Are Determined to Press the Fight, and the Strikers Thereupon Force Matters Themselves. Boston Is Feeling the Trouble,

BOSTON, Mass., March 11.-The strike mmittee ordered "everything movable ut today at noon.

ranks of the strikers this morning, and tive, more thousands are ready to back up the strike of the men, and that if called out in Boston and vicinity. The

### Determined to Press Issue.

It was late last evening when the strike committee determined to prays the ssue to a finish, and strike as hard a blow as it can. It was therefore decided to call out Knights of Labor Assemblies 628 and 162, aggregating 700 freight handlers and longshoremen, also Express Drivers 307, and General Teamsters 191. aggregating 2,400 more men. That means that instead of about 7,550 men who

The action of the committee in calling ton and Albany and the Consolidated

Many houses were unroofed, fronts blown in, and windows smazhed. It is impossible to fix the amount of

Action Taken in the Courts of the Dis-

An effort is being made by the attorneys interested in the proceedings of the Kretol Chemical Company to effect such an adjustment of the affairs of the company as will prevent the loss of a single dollar that has been invested in the stock,

Following the appointment of Cant. Robert F. Knox, of Alexandria, Va., as eceiver to take charge of and conduct the affairs of the company in that city yesterday, Judge Bradley, of the District

nd assets of the defendant in this juris-

lishing the same purpose.

reme Court of the District: "Reserving the benefit of all just de-

Calls on the President. Iowa's famous prohibition Governor William Larabee, was presented to President Roosevelt today by Senator Dolli-

He was accompanied by Mrs. Larabe

He asserted that the constitutional

convention could not have been agreed

exactly as it was adopted. The States

were given a solemn pledge that every

Senate, and that the integrity of this

body should not be destroyed without he

Two Houses of Representatives.

The present plan, he said, is to substi-

tute two Houses of Representatives. He

predicted that when this breach is once

established the great States will not be

content to having only two votes in

showed that they were all instigated by

The smiles on the faces of other Sens

tors showed that Mr. Hoar's colleague

also had received the same class of let

Senator Berry suggested that Senato

Hoar did not have the right to preven

the Senate from voting of the question, no matter what his views night be. "The

"that the resolution be reported by the

Senator Stewart aid that the proposi

tion of a "popular election of Senator

State should have an equal voice in

upon except with the plan for the

consent of every State.

be swept away."

BARTLETT, Iowa, March 11 .- A severe wind and thunderstorm struck this place ate yesterday afternoon and did consid- to me, as vell as to him," says the Ohio One residence was blown down, but have been particularly annoyed. It does ne of the occupants were seriously seem that there must be somet There was a terrific downpour of rain, public utility that can not accommodate patrons promptly and satisfactorily, and At Oakland, ten miles east of here, the that, unless there is some reason to be Rock Island tracks were badly washed given in explanation, your failure in this out and the wind caused much damage to instance is entirely inexcusable. If you House Committee Holds Im-

A copy of the same letter was sent by contract agent of the company. Mr. Filt Speech the Cause of Much states that promptly upon receipt of Mr.

### e would abdicate the throne. NEITHER HONOR NOR GLORY IN FIGHTING THE FILIPINOS

General Hughes Tells Senators Natives of Islands Aze Like Children-Always Regretted Making an Attack on Them.

Philippine archipelago, said: "I always thought, as others do, that are acquiring a feeling of friendship to-"I always thought, as others do, that we are fighting children. There is neither honor nor giorr in it. And I have never had to make an attack that I did not regret it.

"I never knew but one case of a "I never knew but bue case of a "I never knew but one case of a headquarters and who have got away fro ounded Filipino being left on the field. Tagal domination, have been entire The man was bound to die, and there was friendly. He had never had any difficulty no means of carrying him off. He was tion, General Hughes said that about I

taken to a shanty, and a Filk-ino woman was told to look after him."

Mr. Beveridge—What can yon say about the kindnes and consideration shown by the Ame. ican soldiers and officers to Filipinos—either soldiers or others?

General Hughes—I have no hesitation in saying that so far as I know the same consideration was shown to the Filipino when he was captured or wounded that was shown to our own people when captured or wounded in our civil war.

The value of real estate in the islands had ins-reased since the American occu-

Before the Senate Committee on the pation, General Hughes said, by mention Philippines today, in reply to a question ing several instances within his own regarding cruelly toward Filipinos, Gen. knowledge in Manila, Iloilo, and Negros. Robert P. Hughes, recently in military command of the Visayan province in the half years in the islands. I would like your opinion as to whether the natives